A decentralized approach for modeling organized convection based on thermal populations on a microgrid

Roel Neggers¹, Philipp Griewank², and Thijs Heus³

¹University of Cologne ²University of Vienna ³Cleveland State University

November 23, 2022

Abstract

Recent insights into the spatial organization of atmospheric convection have emphasized the importance of its correct representation in Earth System Models (ESM). This study explores new opportunities created when combining a thermal population model on a horizontal microgrid with a decentralized vertical transport model. To this purpose the recently proposed BiOMi population model (Binomials on Microgrids) is used. BiOMi mimicks a population of independent but interacting convective thermals, with their birth, movement and life cycle described as Bernoulli processes. Simple rules of interaction are introduced to reflect observed physical behavior in single cumulus clouds, such as pulsating growth and environmental deformation. Under these rules, thermals can congregate and form longer-lived coherent clusters or chains that resemble cumulus clouds. The formation and evolution of these clusters is a form of self-organization that retains convective memory. Through an online clustering method the microgrid is coupled to a spectral EDMF convection scheme, providing the cluster size distribution it needs as input. This way, the inherently 3D structure of organized convection can in principle be captured in reduced but efficient form. The system is fully decentralized in that central top-down bulk closures are avoided. The main science objective of this study is to provide proof of concept of decentralized frameworks of this kind. To this purpose the BiOMi-EDMF scheme as implemented in the DALES circulation model is tested for various LASSO cases of shallow convection at the ARM SGP site. We find that the scheme achieves stable and realistic diurnal quasi-equilibria (as shown in the figure), and that the associated self-organizing patterns on the microgrid are realistic. Impacts of spatial organization and convective memory on the parameterized transport will be investigated.

Your Abstract Submission Has Been Received

Click here to pr

to print this page now.

You have submitted the following abstract to AGU Fall Meeting 2021. Receipt of this notice does not guarantee that your submission was free of errors.

A decentralized approach for modeling organized convection based on thermal populations on a microgrid

Roel Neggers, University of Cologne, Cologne, Germany, Philipp Johannes Griewank, University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria and Thijs Heus, Cleveland State University, Solon, OH, United States

Abstract Text:

Recent insights into the spatial organization of atmospheric convection have emphasized the importance of its correct representation in Earth System Models (ESM). This study explores new opportunities created when combining a thermal population model on a horizontal microgrid with a decentralized vertical transport model. To this purpose the recently proposed BiOMi population model (Binomials on Microgrids) is used. BiOMi mimicks a population of independent but interacting convective thermals, with their birth, movement and life cycle described as Bernoulli processes. Simple rules of interaction are introduced to reflect observed physical behavior in single cumulus clouds, such as pulsating growth and environmental deformation. Under these rules, thermals can congregate and form longer-lived coherent clusters or chains that resemble cumulus clouds. The formation and evolution of these clusters is a form of self-organization that retains convective memory. Through an online clustering method the microgrid is coupled to a spectral EDMF convection scheme, providing the cluster size distribution it needs as input. This way, the inherently 3D structure of organized convection can in principle be captured in reduced but efficient form. The system is fully decentralized in that central topdown bulk closures are avoided. The main science objective of this study is to provide proof of concept of decentralized frameworks of this kind. To this purpose the BiOMi-EDMF scheme as implemented in the DALES circulation model is tested for various LASSO cases of shallow convection at the ARM SGP site. We find that the scheme achieves stable and realistic diurnal quasi-equilibria (as shown in the figure), and that the associated selforganizing patterns on the microgrid are realistic. Impacts of spatial organization and convective memory on the parameterized transport will be investigated.



Session Selection: A039. Convection Processes and Their Environmental and Aerosol Interactions: Theory, Observation, and Modeling

Submitter's E-mail Address: neggers@meteo.uni-koeln.de

Abstract Title:

A decentralized approach for modeling organized convection based on thermal populations on a microgrid

Requested Presentation Type:

Assigned by Program Committee (oral, eLightning or poster discussion session)

Previously Published?:

Yes

Previously Published Material:

Part of the method discussed in this presentation has been described in a recent AGU publication in 2021 (see the DOI below). This presentation focuses on results with its application to observed situations, which have not been reported before.

Abstract Payment:

Paid (agu-fm21-861275-8119-7219-8069-2654)

I do not want to be involved in the OSPA program as a judge (students will be able to opt-into the OSPA program in October).

First Presenting Author Presenting Author

Roel Neggers Primary Email: neggers@meteo.uni-koeln.de

Affiliation(s):

University of Cologne Cologne (Germany)

Second Author

Philipp Johannes Griewank Primary Email: philipp.griewank@uni-koeln.de

Affiliation(s):

University of Vienna Vienna (Austria)

Third Author

Thijs Heus Primary Email: t.heus@csuohio.edu

Affiliation(s):

Cleveland State University Solon OH (United States)

If necessary, you can make changes to your abstract submission

To access your submission in the future, point your browser to: User Portal Your Abstract ID# is: 861275.

Any changes that you make will be reflected instantly in what is seen by the reviewers.

After the abstract proposal is submitted, you are not required to go through all submission steps to make edits. For example, click the "Authors" step in the Abstract Submission Control Panel to edit the Authors and then click save or submit.

When you have completed your submission, you may close this browser window or submit another abstract proposal: Call for Abstracts.

Tell us what you think of the abstract submission process